2019 CERTIFICATION 2020 JUN 26 AM 8: 22

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

END LAKE BIRTES	
Public Water System Name	
810016	
List PWS ID its for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR	
	1 2 22-4

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must email, fax (but not preferred) or mail, a conv of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH. Please cheek all boxes that apply.

mail	a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.
	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
	☐ Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)
	(Attach copy of hill)
	☐ Email message (Email the message to the address below)
	□ Other
	Date(s) customers were informed: & 24/2020 2020 2020
c	CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used
	Date Mailed/Distributed://
	CCR was distributed by Email (Email MSDII a copy) Date Emailed:
	Li As a URI (Provide Direct URL)
	□ As an anachment
	□ As text within the body of the email message
	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
	Name of Newspaper:
	Date Published://
	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations) Date Posted: / / 2020
	CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address:
	(Provide Direct URL)
l her abov	THEICATION The CCR has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true orrect and is consistent with the water quality monituring data provided to the PWS officials by the Mississippi State Department of the Bureau of Public Water Supply
- E	e Title (Loans Devise On ner. Admin. Contact, etc.) Date
	Submission antions (Solvet one method ONI V)

Submission options (Schott one method ONLY)

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215 Email: water reports a misdleurs gov

Fax: (601) 576 - 7800.

** Not a preferred method due to poor clarity **

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2020!

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report 2019 Enid Lake Estates PWS ID# MS0810016

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is a water well pumping from the Meridian-Upper Wilcox aquifer. Our source water assessment has been completed and is available. Our well ranked "low". Please contact us if you'd like a copy of this report.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Casey Lipe at 662-609-5473 or Ophelia Mangum at 662-563-5189. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please contact our office. We are open Monday thru Friday from 9:00 AM to 5:00 PM.

Lipe Waterworks Co., Inc. routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2019. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Non-Detects (ND) - laboratory analysis indicates that the constituent is not present.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Variances & Exemptions (V&E) - State or EPA permission not to meet an MCL or a treatment technique under certain conditions.

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

				TEST R	ESULTS	3		
Contaminant	Violati on Y/N	Date Collected	Your Water	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurem ent	MCL G	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Disinfecti	on By	product	S					
Chlorine as Cl2	N N N	2017 2018 2019	1.20 1.80 1.80	0.50-2.00 1.00-2.50 1.00-2.20	ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
Inorganic	Conta	aminan	ts		*(1			
10. Barium	N N	2016 2019	0.0281 0.0251		ррпі		2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2017	0.3		ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
15. Cyanide	N	2019	0.015		ppm	2		Discharge from steel/metal factories; discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories
17. Lead	N	2017	2		ррь	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits

+Nitrite N 11/14/18	ppm	10 10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
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Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Chickasaw Hills is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

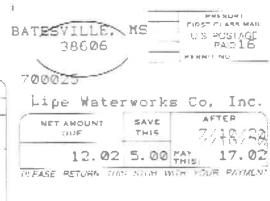
Please call our office if you have questions.

We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Lipe Waterworks Co, Inc. P.O. BOX 623

BATESVILLE, MS 38606

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MIKE RODGERS

25 CR RD 606 OAKLAND MS 38948